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1. Editorial

In this issue we present rabies data for the 1st quarter of 2009. Three miscellaneous articles cover different topics. The first is a joint article by the Italian and Slovenian rabies experts outlining the recent developments of sylvatic rabies in both countries and the respective control measures. Also, in the context of oral vaccination of foxes we took the liberty of addressing problems in public tenders for baits in EU-funded ORV campaigns that may threaten the overall success of rabies control in Europe. Last, we are honoured to provide two articles on the life and successes of Dr. George Martin Baer, one of the foremost international rabies experts who died on June 2, 2009, in Mexico City, Mexico.

Conrad Freuling
Thomas Müller

2. SUMMARY OF RABIES CASES IN EUROPE

RABIES CASES

1st QUARTER 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Name	Code	Total	Wildlife	Domestic animals	Bats	Human
ALBANIA	ALB	0	0	0	0	0
AUSTRIA	AUT	0	0	0	0	0
BELARUS	BLR	262	199	63	0	0
BELGIUM	BEL	0	0	0	0	0
BOSNIA - HERCEGOVINA	BIH	13	7	6	0	0
BULGARIA	BGR*	0	0	0	0	0
CROATIA	HRV	323	297	26	0	0
CYPRUS	CYP	0	0	0	0	0
CZECH REPUBLIC	CZH	0	0	0	0	0
DENMARK	DNK	0	0	0	0	0
ESTONIA	EST	0	0	0	0	0
FINLAND	FIN	0	0	0	0	0
FRANCE	FRA	0	0	0	0	0
GERMANY	DEU	1	0	0	1	0
GREECE	GRC	0	0	0	0	0
HUNGARY	HUN	1	1	0	0	0
ICELAND	ISL	0	0	0	0	0
IRELAND	IRE	0	0	0	0	0
ITALY	ITA	5	5	0	0	0
LATVIA	LVA	15	15	0	0	0
LITHUANIA	LTU	15	12	3	0	0
LUXEMBOURG	LUX	0	0	0	0	0
MACEDONIA	MKD	0	0	0	0	0
MALTA	MLT	0	0	0	0	0
MOLDOVA	MDA	21	10	11	0	0
MONTENEGRO	MNE	14	13	1	0	0
NETHERLANDS	NED	0	0	0	0	0
NORWAY	NOR	0	0	0	0	0
POLAND	POL	3	3	0	0	0
PORTUGAL	PRT	0	0	0	0	0
ROMANIA	ROU	209	181	28	0	0
RUSSIAN FEDERATION	RUS	595	316	279	0	0
SERBIA	SRB	64	53	11	0	0
SLOVAK REPUBLIC	SVK	0	0	0	0	0
SLOVENIA	SVN	12	11	1	0	0
SPAIN **	ESP	0	0	0	0	0
SWEDEN	SWE	0	0	0	0	0
SWITZERLAND + LIEC.	CHE	0	0	0	0	0
TURKEY	TUR	64	2	62	0	0
UKRAINE	UKR	221	92	129	0	0
UNITED KINGDOM	UNK	1	0	0	0	1
TOTAL		1839	1217	620	1	1

Wildlife: excluding bats

* no data

3. Miscellaneous Articles

3. 1 Update on Fox Rabies in Italy and Slovenia

De Benedictis P.¹, Capua I.¹, Mutinelli F.¹, Wernig J.M.², Arič T.², Hostnik P.³

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²Veterinary Administration of the Republic of Slovenia, Animal Health Department

³University of Ljubljana, Veterinary Faculty, National Veterinary Institute, Ljubljana/Slovenia

In October 2008, the National Reference Centre for rabies at the Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle Venezie in Legnaro (Padova), Italy, diagnosed rabies in a red fox (*Vulpes vulpes*) in the municipality of Resia (Province of Udine, North-Eastern part of Italy). The fox had bitten a 69-year-old man on the ankle on 10th October 2008. The victim received first aid assistance for the wounds and complete post-

exposure treatment at the local health unit [1]. The North-Eastern territories of the Italian region of Friuli Venezia Giulia had been affected by rabies in the 1970s and 1980s, and more recently in the period from 1991 to 1995 [2]. In the last 5 years, the annual rabies surveillance carried out in this region consisted of 310 (2004), 210 (2005), 123 (2006), 94 (2007) and 85 (up to October 2008) foxes

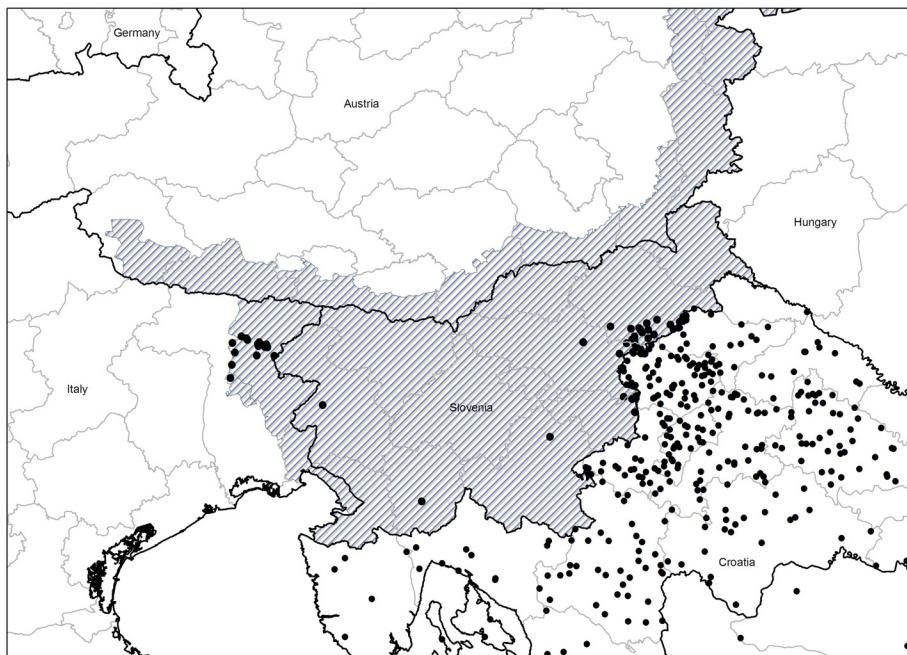


Figure 1 Rabies situation in Italy and Slovenia. Rabies cases detected in 2008 and 2009 (dots) and the resulting ORV campaigns carried out in spring 2009 (shaded area) are shown

analysed. Oral rabies vaccination (ORV) campaigns using SAD B19 vaccine baits have been conducted in this area in 1989 and from 1992 to 2004. The last rabies case in Italy was diagnosed in a fox in the extreme Eastern province of Trieste at the border with Slovenia, in December 1995 and Italy has been classified as rabies-free since 1997. The current 2008-2009 epidemic involves seven Municipalities in the Friuli Venezia Giulia region (Fig. 1), with a total of 16 animals affected: 13 red foxes, 2 badgers and 1 roe deer, the last case being diagnosed on 5th May 2009. As a consequence, preventative measures were implemented in the affected areas of Italy, including compulsory rabies vaccination of dogs and domestic herbivores at risk of infection (i.e. cows, horses, sheep and goats kept outdoors), prohibition of hunting with dogs, enhancement of surveillance in the wild animal population and implementation of ORV campaigns. Furthermore, an informative campaign aiming to increase the risk-awareness of the local population was conducted. In January and February 2009 ORV (emergency vaccination) was organised and managed by the regional Veterinary Service and carried out by hunters' associations in the area covering approx. 1,618 sqkms. A total of 35,000 SAG2 vaccine baits (ca. 20 baits/sqkm) were manually distributed. SAG2 baits were tested for viral stability 4, 8 and 14 days after distribution; at this occasion baits uptake was also assessed. A total of 41 shot or dead foxes were tested for rabies infection, vaccine uptake by tetracycline marker detection and post vaccination immunity by FAVN test (3). The area intended for ORV was selected based on the location of confirmed rabies cases and according to the previous

experience in epidemic control which aimed at keep as small as possible the ORV area. In fact, the majority of them were concentrated in the Resia municipality, in a valley in direct communication with Slovenia. As a matter of fact only a single rabid fox was detected outside the vaccination area. As a consequence of this geographically-distinct case, the second vaccination campaign performed during the last week of May 2009 covered the previous area and the new affected municipality of Buja and neighboring territories (Fig 1).

In October 2008, the competent Slovenian veterinary authority, the Veterinary Administration of the Republic of Slovenia, was notified by the Italian authorities of fox rabies detected in Italy, in an area bordering on Slovenia. The Republic of Slovenia has been conducting rabies eradication programme including ORV of foxes since 1988. From 1995 to 2000 the entire territory of Slovenia was covered with baits twice annually using aircraft distribution. From 2000, ORV was discontinued in the North-West of Slovenia, as no rabies cases had been detected there for a number of years. As a result of ORV the incidence of rabies decreased from 1,089 rabies cases in 1995, down to merely 2 – 3 rabies cases in a year within the more recent number of years, all near the Croatian border. On account of an increased infection pressure from Croatia, where no ORV of foxes is practised, the rabies incidence in Slovenia increased in 2008. Intensive surveillance and monitoring of the ORV programm has been carried out including rabies incidence, bait uptake, seroconversion and bait titration. In 2008, 2,619 animals were subjected to rabies testing, out of which 2,332 were foxes. In ORV areas the bait uptake was 79.62 % and is

regarded satisfactory, as well as the attained immunity of 62.26%. Rabies was diagnosed in 55 animals (51 foxes, 2 badgers, 1 horse, 1 dog), whereof all except one originated from areas bordering the Republic of Croatia. A single rabies case (fox) outside the vaccination area was detected in the municipality of Kanal, bordering a region in Italy, where rabies had been detected by the end of October 2008. No new rabies cases were detected by the intensified controls in this area.

In the light of new developments concerning rabies, Slovenia had decided to re-extend the anti-rabies vaccination area to the entire territory of the country. To this end, a modified rabies eradication programme had been submitted for approval to the European Commission, on which basis Slovenia has been granted the additional funds required for the regular implementation of the programme. Thus, within the spring oral fox vaccination campaign conducted in the second half of May 2009, 450,000 baits (100,000 more than in the preceding campaigns) were distributed in the entire territory of the Republic of Slovenia, at the density of 22 - 24 baits/sqkm. Specific focus was on laying baits in the area that had not been covered in the recent years,

and in the area with prevailing rabies cases detected in Slovenia. Fox rabies is a transboundary disease and essentially a Veterinary Public Health concern. Its control is successful only when a constant and concerted strategy between the Veterinary and Human Health Authorities from the neighbouring countries is continuously maintained by means of networking and exchange of information, aiming at early detection of infection.

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3. 1 Oral Rabies Vaccination (ORV) campaigns in jeopardy!?

Editorial team of the WHO Rabies Bulletin Europe

In spite of the tremendous progress in wildlife rabies control, nowadays, new very worrisome phenomena have been observed that could jeopardize the successes obtained in certain areas. For instance, in several countries the implementation of oral vaccination

campaigns have been interrupted, postponed or even cancelled due to legal issues. This is a very important matter and could lead to serious set-backs in wildlife rabies control. As a WHO Collaborating Centre for Rabies Control and Surveillance we feel obliged to bring this matter to

your attention and hopefully corrective measures are initiated by the parties involved. As a result of the co-financing of the ORV campaigns by the European Union, Member States are obliged to announce these campaigns and purchase the oral rabies vaccine baits and or distribution means through a public tender procedure. This procedure has unfortunately lead to several incidents whereby the outcome of the public tender has been questioned by parties that have not been rewarded the tender. In other cases, the tender procedure itself has been questioned. In some of these court cases we have been approached to give an expert statement on the issues raised. One of the most important issues debated are the so-called technical specifications of the vaccine baits. It seems that every country wants to establish their own technical specifications that are often not scientifically valid and therefore open for dispute. Unfortunately, in some countries the technical specifications in the tender include additional or even more stringent requirements based on other published and/or unpublished sources. There exists a common misconception that some vaccines are recommended by WHO in favour to others.

Basically, every commercial company can participate in such a public tender as long as its product (in this case an oral rabies vaccine bait) is registered and/or licensed by the national regulatory authorities or has been registered and approved by EMEA. In the European Pharmacopoeia (EP) a monograph concerning oral rabies vaccine for foxes has been incorporated and here the requirements for such oral vaccine bait are described in detail in terms of safety and efficacy.

Of course, every country is entitled to set up their own specifications to meet the particular demands of the country's specific conditions but as seen in recent times this has actually lead to several incidents and postponement of the planned campaigns. Sometimes these additional specifications are questionable and could actually have a negative impact on the success of the vaccination campaigns. We therefore strongly suggest that countries within the EU that purchase baits through public tender procedures will limit the technical specifications of the vaccine baits to the requirements as listed in the EP monograph. Only under special circumstances additional specifications can be incorporated, however these must be supported by appropriate references.

Another issue is the financial burden of an emergency vaccination in case of a re-introduction of the disease. Like in Slovenia and Italy, deadlines for application for financial support by the European Commission may have passed and therefore 100% of the costs will have to be paid by the affected countries. In case those countries are not capable of financing such a program especially considering the current economic crisis, the rabies free status of other neighbouring countries may be in danger. An emergency fund for these events should be made available by the European commission.

All measures should be applied to make sure that the planned campaigns can be implemented without delay so that the great progress made in wildlife rabies control will continue uninterrupted in those countries where oral rabies vaccination (ORV) has been implemented.

3.2 GEORGE M. BAER, MPH, DVM, 1936-2009

"Dr. George Martin Baer died on June 2, 2009, in Mexico City, Mexico, at the age of 73. He was an eminent virologist, veterinarian, and public health scientist. Dr. Baer was born during 1936 in London, England. He grew up in New Rochelle, New York, where he became an accomplished equestrian, and began a lifelong love of animals. He attended Cornell University, where he obtained an undergraduate degree in agricultural sciences in 1954, and a degree in veterinary medicine in 1959. He earned a Master's degree in Public Health from the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor during 1961. Thereafter, Dr. Baer started his career in public health with the CDC in Atlanta, Georgia, USA, via the Epidemic Intelligence Service, and was assigned to the New York State Health Department in Albany, where he focused upon brucellosis, psittacosis, and rabies. In 1964, he worked at CDC's Southwest Rabies Investigations Laboratory in Las Cruces New Mexico on bat rabies. During 1966 to 1969, he was a consultant to the Pan American Health Organization in Mexico. Based upon his efforts, he helped to lay the groundwork for Mexico's public health programs against rabies, an effort he continued throughout the rest of his professional life. In 1969, he returned to Atlanta, and became head of the CDC Rabies Laboratory. Over the next two decades, he made multiple substantive contributions to rabies virus diagnosis, prevention, and control. His considerable expertise made him one of the foremost international experts in this arena. With his team of researchers, he is perhaps best known for development of a method for the

immunization of wildlife, for which he was credited as the "Father of Oral Rabies Vaccination". Of his more than 100 scientific contributions, his 1991 book, *The Natural History of Rabies*, remains a definitive reference in the field. After retirement from CDC, he founded a diagnostic laboratory in Mexico City, and was a member of the Mexican International Steering Committee for the Rabies in the Americas Conference. At the time of his death, he was working on a new vaccine for influenza, a timely project given the recent outbreak of the H1N1 virus. Clearly, Dr. Baer acted from a deeply held belief in the power of preventive medicine, within the 'one health' concept to combat disease both in humans and other animals. He is survived by his wife, Maria Olga Baer, three daughters, Katherine Baer, of Washington, D.C., Alexandra Baer, of New Paltz, New York, and Isabella Baer, of Mexico City, and four granddaughters. Funeral services were held in Mexico City at the Iglesia de Santa Rosa de Lima on June 4, 2009."

Charles C. Rupprecht, CDC, Atlanta

"Dr. George Baer was an extraordinary personality. He was an inventor, a scientist, as well as a visionary. He was ambitious, a polyglot, an art collector, and he liked to surprise. In short, George Baer had too many outstanding qualities to describe them all in this short paragraph.

In the early 1960s George Baer discovered that foxes can be immunized by oral application of the live attenuated ERA (Evelyn Rokitniki Abelseth) virus. The discovery did not gather much attention until it was presented by

his colleague W.G. "Jerry" Winkler at a WHO conference to a European audience in 1970. Europe had a significant rabies problem at that time. During World War II a fox rabies epizootic had begun spreading from Russia and Poland toward the West. The epizootic front advanced in a wavelike fashion with a speed of approximately 25 to 60 km per year. After 30 years of wildlife rabies, Europeans had grown tired of the inhumane and ineffective rabies control by fox destruction. Jerry Winkler's message was met by an attentive audience that enthusiastically accepted the CDC's offer for cooperative research. Subsequently, George Baer's Rabies Laboratory in the Center for Disease Control in Lawrenceville provided ERA virus for studies at the "Centre de Recherche sur la Rage" in Nancy, France, the "Staatliches Veterinäruntersuchungsamt" in Frankfurt a.M., Germany, and the Swiss Rabies Center at the Veterinary School in Berne, Switzerland. The manufacturer of the commercial ERA vaccine permitted our experimentation, although we had to rename the virus to SAD (Street Alabama Dufferin). WHO facilitated the cooperation of American, Canadian, and European research groups, primarily by sponsoring conferences. George Baer played a prominent role in many of these meetings, and so did other teams from North America. Our first goals were to establish procedures for producing the vaccine and to perform extensive efficacy and

safety tests with these products. Other live attenuated rabies vaccines were studied as well, but ERA performed best. Not all of us came easily to the conclusion that it would be safe and efficacious for field application. Field studies on rabies epidemiology and fox population biology and mathematical modeling supported the different theoretical outcomes. In 1978, the late Franz Steck, leader of the Swiss team, concluded that the time was right for a first field application. Switzerland was joined five years later by Germany, by Italy in 1984, and by other European countries after 1985. With the expansion of oral fox immunization in Western Europe, rabies in terrestrial carnivores disappeared from the area. George Baer was aware of the great significance of the European successes and devoted a chapter to these accomplishments in the second edition of his "Natural History of Rabies". At this time he also devoted his attention to other goals, such as the initiation of the "Rabies in the Americas (RITA)" conferences whose goal was to develop stronger collaboration between rabies research groups. RITA has continued to be a success and this year celebrates its 20th annual conference in Quebec City, Canada."

*Alex Wandeler, Ottawa Laboratory
Fallowfield (OLF)*

4 DISTRIBUTION OF RABIES IN EUROPE

4.1 Country summaries of rabies cases, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Country	Name	Domestic animals								Wildlife												Subtotal	bat	Human cases	total			
		dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	Stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon	dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other	mustelids	other	carni vores	Wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	
Albania	ALB *									0																0	0	0
Austria	AUT *									0																0	0	0
Belarus	BLR	29	14	18	2					63	172	17			1	1		8								199		262
Belgium	BEL *									0																0	0	0
Bosnia - Herzegovina	BIH	2		4						6	7														7		13	
Bulgaria	BGR **									0															0	0	0	
Croatia	HRV	14	6	2	1	3				26	293				1		2							1	297		323	
Cyprus	CYP *									0															0	0	0	
Czech Republic	CZL *									0															0	0	0	
Denmark	DNK *									0															0	0	0	
Estonia	EST *									0															0	0	0	
Finland	FIN *									0															0	0	0	
France	FRA *									0															0	0	0	
Germany	DEU									0															0	1	1	
Greece	GRC *									0															0	0	0	
Hungary	HUN									0	1													1	1	1		
Iceland	ISL *									0															0	0	0	
Ireland	IRE *									0															0	0	0	
Italy	ITA									0	3				1									1	5	5		
Latvia	LVA									0	7	6				1		1						15	15	15		
Lithuania	LTU	1	1	1						3	6	6												12		15		
Luxembourg	LUX *									0														0	0	0		
Macedonia	MKD *									0														0	0	0		
Malta	MLT *									0														0	0	0		
Moldova	MDA	8		1	1	1				11	10													10		21		
Montenegro	MNE	1								1	13													13		14		
Norway	NOR *									0														0	0	0		
Poland	POL									0	3													3		3		
Portugal	PRT *									0														0	0	0		
Romania	ROU	8	5	2	1	12				28	179													181		209		
Russian Federation	RUS	153	71	39	4	10	1	1		279	267	34			2	4	3	1	1					4	316		595	
Serbia	SRB	5	6							11	53													53		64		
Slovak Republic	SVK *									0														0		0		
Slovenia	SVN			1						1	11													11		12		
Spain	ESP *									0														0	0	0		
Sweden	SWE *									0														0	0	0		
Switzerland + Lichtenstein	CHE *									0														0	0	0		
The Netherlands	NED *									0														0	0	0		
Turkey	TUR	34	8	16	4					62	2				2		5	6	14	3	0	4	0	2		64		
Ukraine	UKR	60	59	7		3				129	86	3		1		2								92		221		
United Kingdom	UNK									0														0	1	1		
TOTAL		315	170	91	13	29	1	1	0	620	1113	66	0	2	5	6	14	3	0	4	0	4	1217	1	1	1839		
PER CENT		17,1%	9,2%	4,9%	0,7%	1,6%	0,1%	0,1%	0,0%	33,7%	60,5%	3,6%	0,0%	0,1%	0,3%	0,3%	0,8%	0,2%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%	0,2%	66,2%	0,1%	0,1%	100%		

* NO CASES

** NO DATA

4.2 Rabies cases per country and administrative units, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Location	Domestic animals										Wildlife												Human cases	total		
	dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other mustelides	other carnivores	wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	subtotal	bat	
BELARUS																										
Brest	2		1							3	8					1							9		12	
Gomel	7	7	4							18	23	2			1		2						28		46	
Grodno	8	4	9	2						23	54	6			1		3						64		87	
Minsk	4		2							6	35	1					2						38		44	
Mogilev			1							1	24	1											25		26	
Vitebsk	8	3	1							12	28	7											35		47	
TOTAL	29	14	18	2	0	0	0	0	0	63	172	17	0	1	1	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	199	0	0	262
PER CENT	11,1%	5,3%	6,9%	0,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	24,0%	65,6%	6,5%	0,0%	0,4%	0,4%	0,0%	3,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	76,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100%
BOSNIA - HERCEGOVINA																										
Bosansko-podrinjski										0	2												2		2	
Sokolac			2							2													0		2	
Srednjobosanski	1									1	2												2		3	
Tuzlanski										0	1												1		1	
Unsko-sanski	1		2							3													0		3	
Vlasenica										0	1												1		1	
Zenicko-dobojski										0	1												1		1	
TOTAL	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	13
PER CENT	15,4%	0,0%	30,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	46,2%	53,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	53,8%	0,0%	0,0%	100%
CROATIA																										
Bjelovarsko - Bilogorska	1		1							2	13												13		15	
Istarska										0	7												7		7	
Karlovacka	1				2					3	15												15		18	
Koprivnicko - Krizevaska										0	17												17		17	
Krapinsko - Zagorska										0	27												28		28	
Licko - Senjska										0	15												15		15	
Medimurska	1									1	8												8		9	
Osjesko - Baranjska	3	2								5	12												12		17	
Pozesko - Slovenska										0	1												1		1	
Primorsko - Goranska	1	1								2	50												52		54	
Sibensko - Kninska					1	1				0	7												8		8	
Sisacko - Moslavacka	1			1	1	1				4	12												12		16	
Splitsko - Dalmatinska		1								1													0		1	
Varazdinska	3									3	27												27		30	
Viroviticko - Podravska	1									1	7												7		8	
Vukovarsko - Srijemska										0	11												11		11	
Zadarska										0	5												5		5	
Zagreb	1	2								3	20												20		23	
Zagrebacka	1									1	39												39		40	
TOTAL	14	6	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	26	293	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	297	0	0	323
PER CENT	4,3%	1,9%	0,6%	0,3%	0,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	8,0%	90,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,0%	0,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,0%	0,0%	92,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100%

4.2 Rabies cases per country and administrative units, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Location	Domestic animals										Wildlife										Human cases	total			
	dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other mustelides	other carnivores	wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	subtotal	bat
GERMANY																									
Grafschaft Bentheim	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
TOTAL	0	0	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	100%
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	100%
HUNGARY																								1	1
Csongrád	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	100%
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	100%
ITALY																								5	5
Udine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	100%
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	60,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	100%
LATVIA																								1	1
Daugavpils r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
Ludzās r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	
Madonas r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
Ogres r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	
Preiļu r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	
Saldus r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	
Talsu r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	15	
Tukuma r.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
TOTAL	0	0	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	46,7%	40,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	100%
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	46,7%	40,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%	0,0%	0,0%	6,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	100%
LITHUANIA																								1	1
Kauno	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
Marijampolės	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Tauragės	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	
Telsių	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
Utenos	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	
Vilniaus	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	
TOTAL	1	1	1,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	3	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0
PER CENT	6,7%	6,7%	6,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	20,0%	40,0%	40,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	80,0%	0,0%	0,0%
MOLDOVA																								21	21
Moldova	8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	10	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
TOTAL	8	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	11	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
PER CENT	38,1%	0,0%	4,8%	4,8%	4,8%	4,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	52,4%	47,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	47,6%	0,0%	0,0%

4.2 Rabies cases per country and administrative units, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Location	Domestic animals										Wildlife												Human cases	total				
	dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other mustelides	other carnivores	wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	subtotal	bat			
MONTENEGRO																												
Montenegro	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	14		
TOTAL	1	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	7,1%	92,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	13	0	0,0%	14	
PER CENT	7,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	7,1%	92,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	92,9%	0,0%	0,0%	100%	
ROMANIA																												
Alba					1	10				11														0			11	
Arad										0	4														4			4
Bacau	1						1			2	18													18			20	
Bihor										0	3														3			3
Bistrita-Nasaud										0	24														24			24
Botosani	1									1															0			1
Brasov										0	2														2			2
Buzau		2								2	2														2			4
Calarasi										0	1														1			1
Cluj										0	11														12			12
Constanta										0	1														1			1
Covasna			1							1	5														5			6
Dambovita										0	6														6			6
Dolj						1				1	2													2			3	
Galati										0	1														1			1
Giurgiu	1									1															0			1
Gorj										0	15														15			15
Harghita	1									1	9														9			10
Hunedoara										0	5														5			5
Ialomița										0	4														4			4
Ilfov										0	5														5			5
Mures		1								1	4														4			5
Olt		1								1															0			1
Prahova	4	1								5	5														5			10
Salaj										0	17														17			17
Satu Mare										0	2														2			2
Sibiu										0	12														12			12
Suceava										0	8														8			8
Teleorman										0	1														1			1
Tulcea			1							1	4														5			6
Valcea										0	4														4			4
Vaslui										0	4														4			4
TOTAL	8	5	2	1	12	0	0	0	28	179	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	181	0	0	209	
PER CENT	3,8%	2,4%	1,0%	0,5%	5,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	13,4%	85,6%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	1,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	86,6%	0,0%	0,0%	100%	

4.2 Rabies cases per country and administrative units, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Location	Domestic animals										Wildlife												Human cases	total		
	dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other mustelides	other carnivores	wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	subtotal	bat	
RUSSIAN FEDERATION																										
Astrahanskaja obl.	5	11	4		4					24	1				1	1			1					4		28
Belgorodskaja obl.	12	10	1	1		2				26	8					1	1							9		35
Brijanskaja obl.	3									3	7													7		10
Cecenskaja resp.	1									1														0		1
Cuvasskaja resp.	3	1	4							8	10													10		18
Dagestan resp.	1		1							2														0		2
Ivanovskaja obl.	1									1	1	2												1	4	5
Jaroslavskaja obl.	1									1	9													9		10
Kaliningradskaja obl.	1									1	3	2												5		6
Kalmykija resp.		2	1							3														0		3
Kaluzhskaja obl.	1									1	34	5												39		40
Karacaevo-Cerkesskaja resp.	1		1	1						3														0		3
Krasnodarskij kr.	9		1					1		11	1													1		12
Kurskaja obl.	1	4								5	2													2		7
Lipeckaja obl.	2									2	3													1	4	6
Marij El resp.										0	2													2		2
Mordovijska resp.	1									1	6													6		7
Moskovskaja obl.	9	5								14	37	11												49		63
Nizegerodskaja obl.	10									10	16	1					1							1	18	28
Novgorodskaja obl.										0	1	1												2		2
Orlovskaja obl.			1							1	3													3		4
Penzenskaja obl.	6	3	1							10	19													19		29
Pskovskaja obl.	4									4	6													6		10
Rjazanskaja obl.	1									1	2						1							3		4
Rostovskaja obl.	5	2	1			1				9							1							1		10
Saratovskaja obl.	20	14	9	1	2					46	17													18		64
Severnaja Osetija-Alanija resp.	13	2	5							20	1													1		21
Smolenskaja obl.	4	1								5	17	5												22		27
Stavropol'skij kr.	2		6							8	2													2		10
Tambovskaja obl.	2									2	3													3		5
Tul'skaja obl.	2	2								4	7													7		11
Tverskaja obl.	8			1						9	19	6					1							26		35
Ul'janovskaja obl.	1	1	1							3	9													9		12
Vladimirska resp.	7	2				1				10	10	1												1	12	22
Volgogradskaja obl.	11	2	1		1					15	5													5		20
Voronezkskaja obl.	5	9	1							15	6					1	1							8		23
TOTAL	153	71	39	4	10	1	1	0	279	267	34	0	0	2	4	3	1	0	1	0	0	4	316	0	595	
PER CENT	25,7%	11,9%	6,6%	0,7%	1,7%	0,2%	0,2%	0,0%	46,9%	44,9%	5,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,3%	0,7%	0,5%	0,2%	0,0%	0,2%	0,0%	0,0%	0,7%	53,1%	0,0%	0,0%	100%

4.2 Rabies cases per country and administrative units, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Location	Domestic animals										Wildlife												Human cases	total			
	dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other mustelides	other carnivores	wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	subtotal	bat		
SERBIA																											
Central Serbia	3	4								7	42													42		49	
Voivodina	2	2								4	11													11		15	
TOTAL	5	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53	0	0	64	
PER CENT	7,8%	9,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	17,2%	82,8%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	82,8%	0,0%	0,0%	100%
UNITED KINGDOM																											
Belfast										0														0	1	1	
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	100%	
UKRAINE																											
Bolynskaja o.	2	3								5	4													4		9	
Cherkasskaja o.	2	5	1							8	5													5		13	
Chernigovskaja o.	2	4	1							7	7			1										8		15	
Chernovitskaja o.										0	1													1		1	
Dnepropetrovskaja o.	8	3								11	4	2												6		17	
Donetskskaja o.	2	5								7	1					1								2		9	
Ivano-Frankovskaja o.	1		1							2														0		2	
Khar'kovskaja o.	3	10								13	1													1		14	
Khersonskaja o.	3	2								5	3					1								4		9	
Khmel'nitskaja o.	11	3	1							15	9													9		24	
Kirovogradskaja o.	1	1								2														0		2	
Kyivska o.	3	1								4	2													2		6	
Luganskaja o.	2	3	1							6	2	1												3		9	
L'vovska o.	1									1														0		1	
Nikolayevskaja o.		2	1							3	1													1		4	
Odesskaja o.	2	1								3	6													6		9	
Poltavskaja o.		3								3	2													2		5	
Rovenska o.	2	1								3	1													1		4	
Sumska o.	3	5								8	1													1		9	
Temopol'skaja o.										0	3													3		3	
Vinnitskaja o.	3	4	1	1						9	10													10		19	
Zakarpatskaja o.		1			1					2	1													1		3	
Zaporozhskaja o.	1	1								2	1													1		3	
Zhitomirskaja o.	8	1			1					10	21													21		31	
TOTAL	60	59	7	0	3	0	0	0	0	129	86	3	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	92	0	0	221	
PER CENT	27,1%	26,7%	3,2%	0,0%	1,4%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	58,4%	38,9%	1,4%	0,0%	0,5%	0,0%	0,9%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	41,6%	0,0%	0,0%	100%

4.2 Rabies cases per country and administrative units, 1st quarter 2009

01.01.09-31.03.09

Location	Domestic animals									Wildlife												Human cases	total				
	dog	cat	cattle	equine	goat	sheep	pig	stray dog	other	subtotal	fox	raccoon	dog	raccoon	wolf	badger	marten	other mustelides	other carnivores	wild boar	roe deer	red deer	fallow deer	other	subtotal	bat	
TURKEY																											
Adana	3	1								4														0	4		
Afyon	1	1								2														0	2		
Artvin			2							2														0	2		
Aydin	1	1								2														0	2		
Balıkesir	5		1							6														0	6		
Bitlis	1									1														0	1		
Burdur	1	1	1							3														0	3		
Denizli			1							1														0	1		
Diyarbakır	4		3	1						8														0	8		
Erzurum	3		1							4														0	4		
Gümüşhane	2									2														0	2		
Hatay	3	1								4														0	4		
Isparta		1								1														0	1		
Istanbul	3									3														0	3		
Izmir	1		2							3														0	3		
Kütahya	1									1														0	1		
Manisa			1							1	1													1	2		
Mardin		1								1														0	1		
Nigde	4	1	3	2						10														0	10		
Ordu	1									1														0	1		
Sanliurfa			1	1						2	1													1	3		
TOTAL	34	8	16	4	0	0	0	0	0	62	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	64							
PER CENT	53,1%	12,5%	25,0%	6,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	96,9%	3,1%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	3,1%	0,0%	0,0%	100%	
POLAND																											
Lubelskie										0	3													3			3
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3							
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100,0%	0,0%	0,0%	100%	
SLOVENIA																											
Dolenjska										0	2													2			2
Gorenjska										0	1													1			1
Notranjsko-kraska										1	3													3			4
Podravska										0	3													3			3
Savinjska										0	2													2			2
TOTAL	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	12							
PER CENT	0,0%	0,0%	8,3%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	8,3%	91,7%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	0,0%	91,7%	0,0%	0,0%	100%	

4.3 Trend tables

4.3.1 Comparison of the reporting quarter (I/2009) with the previous quarter (IV/2008)

NAME	Total			Wildlife			Domestic animals			Bats			Human		
	I 2009 (no.)	IV 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	IV 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	IV 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	IV 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	IV 2008 (no.)	Difference
Albania															
Austria															
Belarus	262	247	15	199	173	26	63	74	-11						
Belgium															
Bosnia - Hercegovina	13	11	2	7	7		6	4	2						
Bulgaria	*	18		*	15		*	3		*			*		
Croatia	323	239	84	297	224	73	26	15	11						
Cyprus															
Czech Republic															
Denmark															
Estonia															
Finland															
France		2	-2					1	-1		1	-1			
Germany	1	3	-2					1	-1	1	2	-1			
Greece															
Hungary	1	3	-2	1	2	-1		1	-1						
Iceland															
Ireland															
Italy	5	9	-4	5	9	-4									
Latvia	15	23	-8	15	21	-6		2	-2						
Lithuania	15	11	4	12	7	5	3	4	-1						
Luxembourg															
Macedonia															
Malta															
Moldova	21	12	9	10	3	7	11	9	2						
Montenegro	14	8	6	13	7	6	1	1							
Norway															
Poland	3	7	-4	3	6	-3		1	-1						
Portugal															
Romania	209	240	-31	181	158	23	28	82	-54						
Russian Federation	595	763	-168	316	373	-57	279	384	-105				6	-6	
Serbia	64	66	-2	53	52	1	11	14	-3						
Slovak Republic															
Slovenia	12	13	-1	11	12	-1	1	1							
Spain															
Sweden															
Switzerland + Lichtenstein															
The Netherlands															
Turkey	64	65	-1	2	5	-3	62	60	2						
Ukraine	221	497	-276	92	215	-123	129	282	-153						
United Kingdom	1	1								1	-1	1		1	
TOTAL	1839	2238	-381	1217	1289	-57	620	939	-316	1	4	-3	1	6	-5

Wildlife: excluding bats

I/2009 (no.), IV/2008 (no.): number of cases

Difference: no. of cases in I/2009 minus cases in IV/2008

* no data

4.3.2 Comparison of the reporting quarter (I/2009) with the same quarter of the previous year (I/2008)

NAME	Total			Wildlife			Domestic animals			Bats			Human		
	I 2009 (no.)	I 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	I 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	I 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	I 2008 (no.)	Difference	I 2009 (no.)	I 2008 (no.)	Difference
Albania															
Austria															
Belarus	262	288	-26	199	225	-26	63	63							
Belgium															
Bosnia - Hercegovina	13	37	-24	7	34	-27	6	3	3						
Bulgaria	*	12	-61	*	9	-52	*	3	-9	*		*			
Croatia	323	384	-61	297	349	-52	26	35	-9						
Cyprus															
Czech Republic															
Denmark															
Estonia		3	-3		1	-1		2	-2						
Finland															
France		2	-2					1	-1		1	-1			
Germany	1		1							1	1	1			
Greece															
Hungary	1		1	1		1									
Iceland															
Ireland															
Italy	5		5	5		5									
Latvia	15	43	-28	15	33	-18	10		-10						
Lithuania	15	21	-6	12	16	-4	3	5	-2						
Luxembourg															
Macedonia															
Malta															
Moldova	21	17	4	10	5	5	11	12	-1						
Montenegro	14	9	5	13	9	4	1		1						
Norway															
Poland	3	11	-8	3	8	-5	3		-3						
Portugal															
Romania	209	510	-301	181	477	-296	28	33	-5						
Russian Federation	595	1310	-715	316	628	-312	279	681	-402				1	-1	
Serbia	64	98	-34	53	92	-39	11	6	5						
Slovak Republic															
Slovenia	12	26	-14	11	25	-14	1	1							
Spain		2	-2					1	-1		1	-1			
Sweden															
Switzerland + Lichtenstein															
The Netherlands															
Turkey	64	97	-33	2	25	-23	62	72	-10						
Ukraine	221	863	-642	92	359	-267	129	502	-373				2	-2	
United Kingdom	1		1										1	1	
TOTAL	1839	3733	-1882	1217	2295	-1069	620	1433	-810	1	2	-1	1	3	-2

Wildlife: excluding bats

I/2009 (no.), I/2008 (no.): number of cases

Difference: no. of cases in I/2009 minus cases in I/2008

* no data

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of contact details!



RABIES CASES EUROPE
1st QUARTER 2009
1839 CASES REPORTED

1 BAT RABIES CASE INCLUDED
1 HUMAN RABIES CASE INCLUDED

■ rabies free (terrestrial rabies)
■ no data

200 km

Black Sea

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WHO Coll. Centre
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Administrative boundaries
based on GfK GeoMarketing
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